IMM Revised ORDC Proposal

EPFSTF January 17, 2019 Joe Bowring Catherine Tyler



PJM ORDC Proposal

- PJM's ORDC procures too many reserves and pays the reserves too much.
- The PJM approach is not similar to those used by other FERC jurisdictional RTOs
- With nesting of products and zones, PJM's ORDC includes higher prices than ERCOT's ORDC that is meant to substitute for a capacity market.
- The IMM proposes a more conservative ORDC than PJM's approach.

Review of Other RTO ORDCs

- ISO New England
 - Vertical demand up to penalty factor, no sloped curve

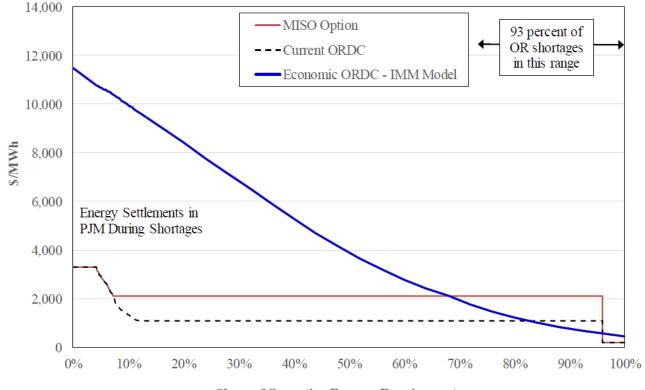
30 Minute Reserves \$2,000 per MWh

5 10 Min. Not Synchronized \$3,500 per MWh

5 10 Min. Synchronized \$3,550 per MWh

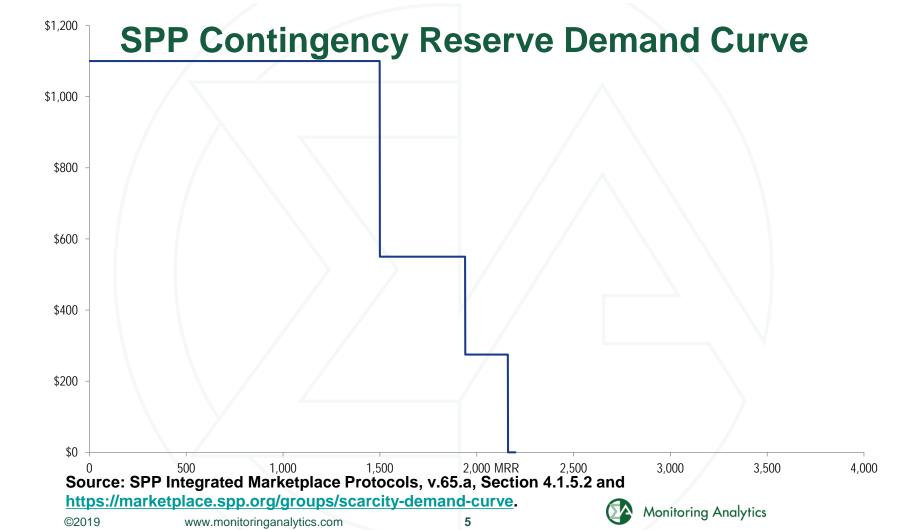
- Escalating penalty factors for reserve subzones
- New York ISO, California ISO, Southwest Power Pool
 - Stepped demand curves for shortages only
- Midcontinent ISO
 - Sloped and stepped curve for shortages only

MISO and MISO IMM Proposed ORDCs



Share of Opearting Reserve Requirement

Source: Potomac Economics, 2016 State of the Market Report for MISO, Analytical Appendix, Section V.F.



IMM Revised ORDC Proposal

- Simple ORDC: vertical demand with penalty factor
 - Consistent with precedent of other RTOs
 - Used for both synchronized and primary reserve
- No sloped curve, no extension beyond MRR
- Identical curves in day ahead market
- Max price equal to energy offer cap
 - \$1,000 per MWh, unless PJM has approved a higher costbased offer, per FERC rules
 - Increases at \$250 per MWh increments with higher approved cost-based offers, up to \$2,000 per MWh
- Note: Further development needed for consideration of IMM's previous proposal, Intertemporal ORDC based on operator actions.

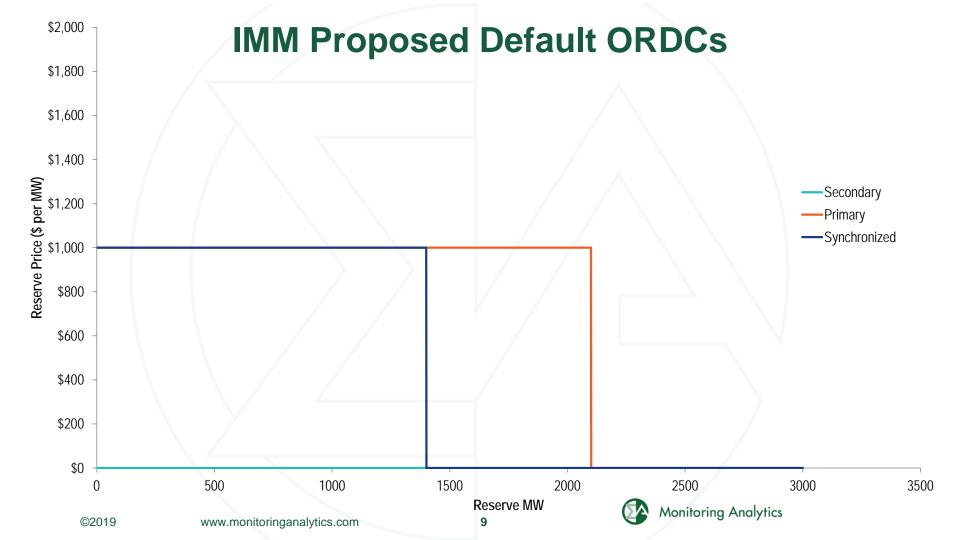
Monitoring Analytics

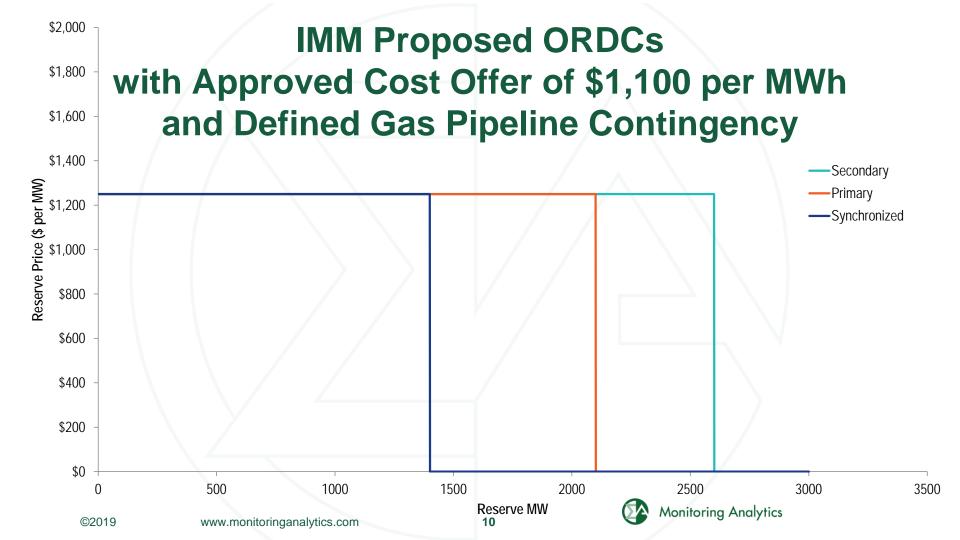
Operator Actions

- Operators may increase the minimum reserve requirements under predefined conditions.
 - Change in the largest contingency (Synch., Primary)
 - Extreme weather (Synchronized, Primary)
 - Gas contingencies (Secondary)
- The increased requirements will have defined start and end times.
- PJM will post on its website:
 - The active minimum reserve requirements
 - The reason for any increased reserve requirements
 - The beginning and end times for the increased reserve Monitoring Analytics

Secondary (30 Minute) Reserves

- Eliminate Day Ahead Schedule Reserves
- Default requirement is zero
 - Consistent with no NERC requirement
- Secondary reserves may be created with an ORDC based on a PJM defined contingency
 - such as a gas contingency
 - defined under the operator actions provisions for increasing a minimum reserve requirement
- Penalty factor is \$1,000 to \$2,000 per MWh, as with synchronized and primary reserves.
- Demand Response should participate under the same rules as generators.





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